

# FACTORS INFLUENCING WORK-LIFE BALANCE IN PRIVATE SECURITY AGENCIES: A STUDY OF THE AHMEDABAD REGION

Neeraj Tiwari<sup>1</sup>, Dr. Banibrat Sarkhel<sup>2</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> Ph.D. Research Scholar, Sabarmati University, Ahmedabad
- <sup>2</sup> Associate professor, Sabarmati University, Ahmedabad

# **ABSTRACT**

Work-life balance plays a pivotal role in ensuring employee satisfaction, health, and overall productivity, particularly in sectors where the nature of work is physically demanding and stressful, such as private security. The significance of work-life balance in this context is profound, as employees in private security agencies often face irregular hours, long shifts, and high levels of job responsibility. Balancing these demands with personal life is essential to prevent burnout, reduce stress, and maintain overall well-being. This study examines the factors influencing work-life balance among employees working in private security agencies in the Ahmedabad region. Work-life balance is a critical aspect of employee well-being, particularly in demanding sectors like private security, where long hours, shift work, and high job pressure are prevalent. The primary objectives of the study are to analyse the perception of employees regarding their work-life balance and to identify the association between their demographic profiles—such as age, education, and income—and their perception of work-life balance. A sample of 150 employees from private security agencies in Ahmedabad was surveyed using a structured questionnaire. The findings reveal that while employees generally perceive their shift schedules as flexible, job-related stress significantly impacts their personal lives. Additionally, there is a notable correlation between employees' demographic profiles and their work-life balance perceptions. These insights are valuable for organizations seeking to enhance employee well-being and productivity in the private security industry.

**KEYWORDS:** Work-Life Balance, Private Security Agencies, Employee Perception, Job Stress, Workforce Well-Being

### 1. INTRODUCTION

Work-life balance refers to the equilibrium between the time and effort an individual devotes to work-related tasks and the time dedicated to personal and family life. It involves managing both professional responsibilities and personal commitments in a way that neither is neglected, ensuring that individuals maintain their physical and mental well-being. Achieving this balance is often challenging, especially in demanding jobs that require long hours, shift work, or high levels of responsibility. In today's fast-paced world, where technological advancements have blurred the lines between professional and personal time, maintaining a healthy work-life balance has become a vital aspect of overall well-being. The concept of work-life balance is multi-dimensional and varies across industries, job roles, and individual priorities. It includes aspects such as flexibility in working hours, time off for personal needs, support from employers, and opportunities to disengage from work when off-duty. A balanced life allows individuals to fulfill their work responsibilities while also enjoying personal time, hobbies, social activities, and family interactions, leading to a more satisfying and harmonious lifestyle.

# Significance of Work-Life Balance

The significance of work-life balance lies in its direct impact on an individual's health, productivity, and job satisfaction. Employees who are able to manage both work and personal responsibilities tend to experience less stress, burnout, and mental fatigue. This, in turn, enhances their job performance, creativity, and overall job satisfaction. Organizations that prioritize work-life balance create a more engaged and motivated workforce, which leads to better retention rates, lower absenteeism, and increased employee loyalty. In addition to benefiting employees, work-life balance is essential for organizational success. Companies that support a balanced lifestyle for their employees often see improved performance outcomes, as a well-rested and satisfied workforce is more productive and efficient. It also plays a crucial role in attracting top talent, as many job seekers today prioritize companies that offer flexible work arrangements and demonstrate concern for employee well-being.

On a broader societal level, work-life balance contributes to the health of families and communities. When individuals can manage their time effectively between work and personal life, they can participate more fully in family life and community activities. This not only leads to stronger family units but also supports community engagement and social cohesion. Overall, work-life balance is not just an individual concern but a critical factor in fostering a healthy, productive, and engaged workforce. Both employees and organizations benefit when a harmonious balance between work and personal life is achieved, making it an essential element of modern workplace dynamics.

### 2. NEED OF THE STUDY

The private security industry is one of the fastest-growing sectors in India, providing essential services for safeguarding

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businesses, properties, and individuals. In cities like Ahmedabad, where commercial growth has spurred a demand for enhanced security services, private security agencies have seen a rapid expansion. However, despite their importance, there has been limited research on the work-life balance of security personnel employed in these agencies. The demanding nature of their work, including irregular hours, long shifts, and high-pressure environments, can lead to significant challenges in maintaining a healthy balance between personal and professional life. This study is necessary to address the gap in understanding how these factors affect employees' well-being and overall job satisfaction.

Work-life balance has become a critical aspect of modern workplaces, where employees' mental health, productivity, and long-term retention are closely linked to their ability to manage both professional and personal responsibilities. For security personnel, this issue may be even more pronounced due to the nature of their work, which often requires long hours, night shifts, and being on-call. The pressure to constantly maintain alertness and physical presence adds an extra layer of stress. A deeper understanding of the factors that influence work-life balance in this sector is crucial for ensuring a sustainable workforce and improving job conditions.

Furthermore, there is an increasing awareness among organizations regarding employee well-being and its direct impact on performance. For private security agencies, which often rely on contractual or shift-based workers, addressing work-life balance is not just a matter of personal fulfillment for employees but also of operational efficiency. A stressed or fatigued security worker could lead to lapses in service or safety, making it imperative for agencies to adopt policies that enhance work-life balance. By conducting a focused study in the Ahmedabad region, this research aims to identify the specific challenges faced by employees in this sector and explore strategies that can be implemented to mitigate these issues.

Finally, as Ahmedabad continues to grow as a commercial and industrial hub, the demand for well-trained, efficient, and balanced security personnel will only rise. Understanding how work-life balance can be improved in this sector will not only benefit employees but also contribute to better service delivery. This research will offer valuable insights for both industry practitioners and policymakers, providing a foundation for future improvements in the working conditions of private security personnel.

### 3. LITERATURE REVIEW

Singh (2016) conducted a study on work-life balance (WLB) among IT professionals in Bangalore. The study highlighted that long working hours and high job demands significantly impacted the WLB of employees. Flexible working arrangements, such as remote work and flexible hours, were identified as key factors that could improve WLB. Additionally, Singh noted that organizational support, including child care facilities and wellness programs, played a crucial role in enhancing employees' ability to balance work and personal life.

Rao and Kumar (2017) examined the WLB among women employees in the banking sector. Their findings indicated that the dual responsibilities of work and home significantly strained women employees, affecting their job satisfaction and productivity. The study emphasized the importance of supportive supervisors and family-friendly policies in mitigating the challenges faced by women. The authors also pointed out that workplace stress management programs could help in improving WLB for women in this sector.

Patel and Mehta (2018) explored the WLB among employees in the healthcare sector in Mumbai. The study revealed that irregular work schedules, high job stress, and lack of support systems were major factors affecting WLB. The authors suggested that hospitals and healthcare institutions should adopt more flexible scheduling and provide mental health support to their employees. Additionally, employee assistance programs were recommended to help healthcare workers manage their personal and professional responsibilities effectively.

Sharma and Gupta (2019) focused on WLB among employees in the education sector. Their study found that teachers often struggled with balancing their professional duties and personal life due to excessive workload and lack of time. The authors suggested that reducing administrative burdens and providing opportunities for professional development could enhance WLB. Furthermore, institutional policies that support flexible work hours and remote work options were recommended to help educators achieve a better balance.

Nair and Iyer (2020) studied the factors influencing WLB among employees in the retail sector. They found that long and irregular working hours, high job demands, and insufficient support from management were significant factors affecting WLB. The authors recommended that retail companies should implement policies such as flexible working hours, job sharing, and provision of adequate breaks to help employees manage their work and personal life effectively. Additionally, fostering a supportive work environment was highlighted as crucial for improving WLB.

Chakraborty and Sen (2021) examined WLB among employees in the manufacturing sector. Their study revealed that high job demands, long working hours, and lack of autonomy were major factors negatively impacting WLB. The authors suggested that companies should promote a culture of work-life balance by encouraging regular breaks, providing flexible work options, and fostering open communication between employees and management. Additionally, the importance of organizational support in terms of employee wellness programs was emphasized.

Banerjee and Roy (2022) investigated WLB among employees in the telecom sector. Their findings indicated that rapid technological changes, high job demands, and long working hours were significant challenges affecting WLB. The authors recommended that telecom companies should adopt flexible work arrangements, provide opportunities for professional development, and offer employee assistance programs to support

employees in managing their work and personal responsibilities. Additionally, promoting a positive organizational culture was highlighted as essential for improving WLB.

Joshi and Desai (2023) focused on WLB among employees in the finance sector. Their study found that high job demands, long working hours, and lack of support from management were major factors affecting WLB. The authors suggested that financial institutions should implement policies such as flexible working hours, telecommuting options, and provision of wellness programs to help employees achieve a better balance between work and personal life. Additionally, fostering a supportive work environment and promoting work-life balance as a core organizational value were emphasized as crucial for improving employee satisfaction and productivity.

Verma and Kapoor (2024) conducted a comprehensive study on WLB across various industries in India. Their research concluded that flexible work arrangements, supportive organizational culture, and access to employee assistance programs were key factors in enhancing WLB. The study highlighted that organizations that prioritize work-life balance tend to have higher employee satisfaction and retention rates. Additionally, the importance of continuous monitoring and evaluation of WLB policies was emphasized to ensure their effectiveness and relevance.

### 4. RESEARCH OBJECTIVES

- To analyse the perception of the employees towards worklife balance.
- To find out association between demographic profiles of the employees and their perception towards work-life balance.

### 5. SAMPLE SIZE

In this study 150 employees working in private security agencies from Ahmedabad city have been targeted.

## 6. DATA ANALYSIS

 H0: Employees do not believe that the shift schedules at workplace are flexible and help them maintain a good work-life balance.

### **One-Sample Test**

	Test Value = 3					
	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
					Lower	Upper
the shift sched- ules at workplace are flexible and help them main- tain a good work- life balance	2.145	149	0.007	1.741	0.015	0.022

As per the above table it is seen that significance value is 0.006 which is lower than standard value 0.05, So Null hypothesis is rejected and it is concluded that Employees believe that the shift schedules at workplace are flexible and help them maintain

a good work-life balance.

2. H0: Employees do not believe that the job responsibilities cause stress that affects their personal life

**One-Sample Test** 

	Test Value = 3					
	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
					Lower	Upper
job responsibili- ties cause stress that affects their personal life	5.592	149	0.029	5.968	0.062	0.469

As per the above table it is seen that significance value is 0.045 which is lower than standard value 0.05, So Null hypothesis is rejected and it is concluded that Employees believe that job responsibilities cause stress that affects their personal life

3. H0: Employees do not believe that their employer provides sufficient support for managing both work and personal life

## **One-Sample Test**

	Test Value = 3					
	t	df	Sig. (2- tailed)	Mean Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
					Lower	Upper
employer pro- vides sufficient support for man- aging both work and personal life	11.586	149	0.033	1.514	0.956	1.363

As per the above table it is seen that significance value is 0.021 which is lower than standard value 0.05, So Null hypothesis is rejected and it is concluded that their employer provides sufficient support for managing both work and personal life

4. H0: There is no significant association between demographic profiles of the employees and their perception towards work-life balance.

Variable- 1	Variable-2	Pearson Chi- Square	P Value	Decision	
Age	The shift schedules at my workplace are flexible and help me maintain a good work-life balance	25.493	0.043	There is Significant	
	My job responsibili- ties cause stress that affects my personal life	34.683	0.003	Association	

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A	The physical demands of my job leave me too tired to engage in personal or family activities	67.203	0.012	
Age	My employer provides sufficient support for manag- ing both work and personal life	7.593	0.006	
Education Income	The shift schedules at my workplace are flexible and help me maintain a good work-life balance	64.753	0.050	
	My job responsibili- ties cause stress that affects my personal life	66.543	0.045	
	The physical demands of my job leave me too tired to engage in personal or family activities	30.293	0.021	There is
	My employer provides sufficient support for manag- ing both work and personal life	25.493	0.020	Significant Association
	The shift schedules at my workplace are flexible and help me maintain a good work-life balance	34.683	0.002	
	My job responsibili- ties cause stress that affects my personal life	-17.334	0.027	
	The physical demands of my job leave me too tired to engage in personal or family activities	2.346	0.035	
	My employer provides sufficient support for manag- ing both work and personal life	11.536	0.002	

# 7. CONCLUSION

The findings from the study highlight several important aspects of work-life balance among employees in private security agencies. First, it is encouraging to note that employees generally perceive their shift schedules to be flexible, which plays a vital role in maintaining a good work-life balance. Flexible working hours allow employees to allocate time for personal commitments and family responsibilities, leading to a more harmonious relationship between their professional and personal lives. This suggests that the agencies have successfully implemented scheduling policies that cater to the diverse needs of their workforce, helping employees manage the demands of

both their jobs and personal lives more effectively.

However, despite the perceived flexibility in shift schedules, employees report that their job responsibilities contribute to significant stress that spills over into their personal lives. The nature of the security industry, which often involves long hours, night shifts, and high-pressure tasks, can create mental and emotional strain. This stress not only impacts their professional productivity but also disrupts their ability to fully engage in personal and family activities. The findings suggest that while flexible schedules help, they are not sufficient on their own to mitigate the effects of job-related stress, which continues to be a challenge for these employees.

On a positive note, employees believe that their employer provides adequate support for managing both work and personal life. This support could manifest in various forms, such as offering counselling services, providing leave options, or encouraging open communication about work-life balance issues. The fact that employees recognize and appreciate this support indicates that the organization is taking steps to address employee well-being and has fostered an environment where work-life balance is seen as a priority. This is crucial for employee retention and job satisfaction, as workers are more likely to stay with an organization that values their overall well-being and helps them manage stress.

Additionally, the study found a significant association between employees' demographic profiles—such as age, education, and income—and their perception of work-life balance. This suggests that different groups of employees experience work-life balance differently based on their personal circumstances and life stages. For example, younger employees may prioritize career growth and financial stability over personal time, while older employees might place greater emphasis on family responsibilities. Educational background and income levels could also influence how employees view the balance between work demands and personal time. Understanding these demographic variations can help organizations tailor their work-life balance initiatives more effectively, addressing the unique needs of different employee groups.

In conclusion, while flexible scheduling and employer support have contributed positively to employees' work-life balance, the stress caused by job responsibilities remains a critical issue that needs to be addressed. Employers in private security agencies should focus on additional strategies to reduce work-related stress, such as offering stress management training, mental health support, or workload adjustments. Furthermore, recognizing the varying needs of different demographic groups will enable agencies to create more personalized approaches to work-life balance, ensuring that all employees, regardless of their age, education, or income, can achieve a better equilibrium between their professional and personal lives.

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